THE

South-Carolina GAZETTE.

[NUMB. 1762]

THURSDAY, JUNE 29, 1769.

WE, His Majesty's dutiful and loving Subjects, the Inhabitants of SOUTH-CAROLINA, being sensibly affected with the great Prejudice done to GREAT-BRITAIN, and the abject and wretched Condition to which the BRITISH COLONIES are reduced by several Acts of Parliament lately passed; by *some of which* the Monies that the Colonists usually and chearfully spent in the Purchase of all sorts of Goods imported from GREAT-BRITAIN, are now, to their great Grievance, wrung from them, without their Consent, or even their being represented, and applied by the Ministry, in Prejudice of, and without Regard to, the real Interest of GREAT-BRITAIN, or the Manufacturers thereof, almost totally, to the Support of new-created Commissioners of Customs, Placemen, parasitical and novel ministerial Officers; and *by others of which Acts*, we are not only deprived of those invaluable Rights, Trial by our Peers and the Common Law, but are also made subject to the arbitrary and oppressive Proceedings of the Civil Law, justly abhorred and rejected by our Ancestors, the Freemen of England; and finding, that the most dutiful and loyal Petitions from the Colonies ALONE, for the Redress of those Grievances, have been rejected with Contempt, so that no Relief can be expected from that Method of Proceeding; and, being fully convinced of the absolute Necessity, of stimulating our Fellow-Subjects and Sufferers in GREAT-BRITAIN to aid us, in this our Distress, and of our joining with the Rest of the Colonies, in some other loyal and vigorous Methods, that may most probably procure such Relief, which we believe may be most effectually promoted by strict OECONOMY, and by encouraging the MANUFACTURES of AMERICA in general, and of this Province in particular: WE THEREFORE, whose Names are underwritten, do solemnly promise, and agree to and with each other, That, until the Colonies be restored to their former Freedom, by the Repeal of the said Acts, we will most strictly abide by the following RESOLUTIONS.

I. That we will encourage and promote, to the utmost of our Power, the Use of NORTH-AMERICAN MANUFACTURES, in general, and those of this Province in particular.

II. That we will upon no Pretence whatsoever, import into this Province, any of the Manufactures of GREAT-BRITAIN, or other Goods and Wares usually received from thence, other than such as may have been shipped in consequence of former Orders; and we do solemnly promise and declare, that we will immediately countermand all Orders to our Correspondents in GREAT-BRITAIN for shipping any such Goods, Wares and Merchandizes, excepting only NEGRO CLOTH, DUFFIL BLANKETS, OSNABRUGS, PLANTATION and WORKMENS TOOLS, POWDER, LEAD SHOT, CANVASS, NAILS, SALT, COALS, WOOL CARDS, CARD WIRE, printed BOOKS and PAMPHLETS: Nor shall this Agreement influence us, to raise the Prices of the British Manufactures or other Goods and Wares any of us have now to dispose of, or of such as may arrive before our countermanding Orders get to Hand.

III. That we will use the utmost OECONOMY, in our Persons, Families, Houses and Furniture; particularly that we will use NO MOURNING, nor give Gloves and Scarves at Funerals.

AND, LASTLY, That we will look on every Inhabitant of this Colony, who refuses or neglects to sign this Agreement within one Month from the Date hereof, as no Friend to the true Interest of the Colony, and we will, upon no Account, *at any Time thereafter*, purchase from, or sell to such Person, any Goods or Merchandize whatsoever.

GIVEN under our Hands the Twenty-Eighth Day of June, 1769.

Blank Copies of the above Agreement may be had, by any Gentlemen desirous of promoting so laudable and at this Time evidently necessary a Measure, at TIMOTHY's *Office in Broad-Street; Where, and at Mr.* ISAAC MOTTE's *on the Bay, and* CHRISTOPHER GADSDEN, *Esq's; a List of the Names of many respectable Gentlemen that have already set their Hands thereto may be seen, and where all that incline may add theirs.*

Gentlemen in the Country possessed of these Forms, are desired to transmit the Names subscribed thereto, as frequently as possible, to either of the above Gentlemen, or said TIMOTHY's *Office, where an exact Register of them is intended to be kept.*

As the signing ONE and the SAME FORM by all the Inhabitants of the whole Province, will manifest their UNANIMITY, and must of Course have the greater Weight; so it may be proper, that Gentlemen should be particularly cautious not to subscribe any but THIS; for although others might vary little or not at all in Substance, yet artful and designing Men might thence take Occasion to insinuate a DIVISION in Sentiments.

New Advertisements.

THE MECHANICKS, and other Inhabitants of Charles Town, who have their own and Posterity's Welfare at Heart, are desired to meet under

LIBERTY-TREE,

In Mr. Mazyck's Pasture, on MONDAY NEXT, at Four o'Clock in the Afternoon.

A MEETING of the MERCHANTS of Charles-Town, on the present Circumstances of Affairs, is advertised to be at Mr. Dillon's Tavern, TOMORROW AFTERNOON, at Four o'Clock.

Public Notice is hereby Given,

THAT the under signed, appointed inquirers of the PUBLIC-TAX, for the parishes of St. PHILIP and St. MICHAEL in Charles Town, do propose going to the houses of the several inhabitants of the said parishes, on Monday the 7th day of August 1769, in order to receive their several returns upon oath, agreeable to law.

JOHN McCALL, jun.
WILLIAM GLEN, jun.
MACARTAN CAMPBELL, } *Inquirers.*

THOMAS GADSDEN,

Acquaints his friends and customers, that he has removed his store on the Bay, to the third door from the South corner of Broad-street, and

HAS JUST IMPORTED,

In the Captains and RAINIER, *and* THOMPSON, *from LONDON and BRISTOL:*

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

EUROPEAN AND EAST-INDIA GOODS,

Which he will dispose of on REASONABLE TERMS.

Among them are,

YARD wide, 3 4th and 7-8th Irish linens of all prices, cheap blue and white printed linens, India and English chints bordered, India and English persians of various colours; a variety of striped and flowered lawns, white and coloured paullion gauze, Irish and Scotch osnabrugs, raven and sail duck, diaper and damask table cloths, clouting diaper, blue and lemon coloured lutestrings, black China taffety, blue, white and pink flowered armozeens, blue, white and black flowered sattin peelings; an assortment of narrow white and black blond laces, Hanover, minionet and snail ditto, Jacob's ladder, chipt hats, womens and girls turn stays, low priced osnabrugs, threads, mens felt and beaver hats, furniture check, white and dyed India jeans, half ell white jeanet, corded and figured dimity, velvet jockey caps, fig and powder blue, Poland starch, hair powder; a variety of cutlery, small bags of feathers low priced, pickles, sweet oil, Durham mustard, neat hair seating, neat white fans, womens and maids white kid gloves, prunes, Turkey figs, Flanders bed ticks, worsted and silk rugs, Wilton bedside carpets, mens neat welted saddles, boys race ditto, womens blue side ditto, with furniture complete, woollen girth web, womens neat stuff shoes and pumps, fine 18 inch black, blue and buff worsted breeches stuff to cut by the yard, seine and sail twine, Hamburgh lines, shoe thread; an assortment of stone ware, nails of all sorts, best broad hoes, felling axes, socket spades, &c. with a variety of other articles proper for the approaching season. Also rum, bar iron, salt and muscovado sugar; likewise a consignment of a few pipes of choice Madera wine, to be sold for cash at cost and charges. 6 w.

AN ACADEMY,

WILL be opened (as soon as a CLASS of SIX YOUNG GENTLEMEN can be formed) for the Instruction of YOUTH in the ENGLISH LANGUAGE, which they will be taught to write grammatically, as well as to read and speak properly; and at the same Time be introduced to an Acquaintance with the *best modern* as well *ancient Authors*. They will likewise be initiated in the first Principles of ARITHMETIC, GEOMETRY, GEOGRAPHY, HISTORY, and MORAL PHILOSOPHY.

The *Utility* of such an Undertaking as this is, is too obvious to need any Recommendation. For, however necessary the Acquisition of the *Latin* and *Greek Tongues* may be, for THOSE, who are to be bred up in *one* or *other* of the *learned Professions*; yet surely it can be of little Consequence to THOSE, who are to spend their Days in *rural, mercantile, or mechanical Employments*, to pass away six or seven years in the study of the DEAD LANGUAGES. Does the Knowledge of Words, which is indeed the principal Part of a School Education, contribute to make them more useful Members of civil Society? Or, does even a critical Acquaintance with the *best classick Writers* enable them to discharge with more Propriety, those Relations in which they stand to their Fellow-Creatures? Language is certainly only to be considered as the *Means*, Knowledge is its *End*. Now if this *End* can be obtained, and the Mind can be stored with a Set of useful Ideas, without the dry and tedious Process of learning the *Latin* and *Greek Languages*, it may not be altogether an useless Attempt.

Such an Attempt as this, the Subscriber humbly presumes to make; and if he shall be so happy as to meet with Encouragement in THIS PROVINCE, he will endeavour to merit it in the best Manner he can; and at the same Time shall consider himself as highly obliged.

Any Person desirous of being acquainted with the CONDITIONS, or perusing the PLAN OF EDUCATION, may apply to GEORGE SAXBY, Esq; the Reverend Mr. CHARLES MARTYN, or to the Subscriber at Captain *Massy's*, in *Old Church-street*.

WILLIAM WALTON.

NOW SELLING,

At SHERMAN's STORE,

IN TRADD-STREET,

At Eight for One CASH, *the remainder of his Stock in Trade, amongst which are the following articles, viz.*

SUPERFINE hyson, fine ditto, singlo and good bohea teas, several casks of nails of different sorts, hinges, locks, felling axes, carpenters rules and squares, with many articles in the cutlery branch, broad cloths, silk breeches patterns; very neat linen patterns for gowns, lawn and muslin, black and white mode, shades and bonnets very richly trimmed, silk and stuff petticoats, stocks, blond and minionet lace, livery ditto, men and womens silk hose; very curious spermaceti candles in boxes of 50 lb. or papers of 6 lb. each, fowling pieces, japanned waiters, with many more articles too tedious to enumerate.

N. B. Just arrived in the Beaufain, Captain Curling, a curious collection of ENGLISH BIRDS, which will be disposed of for cash, or exchanged for birds of this province.

WHEREAS the concern of WARING and SHEPHEARD, hath been expired near twelve months, and little or no regard paid, either to advertisements, or repeated personal applications, they are resolved to put their bonds, notes, and book accompts into the hands of an attorney at law, to sue for, unless they are discharged by the 20th day of July next.

ANN NICHOLLS,

INFORMS her friends and customers, that she is removed from Elliott-street into Bedon's-alley, next door but one to Mr. John Baker's, where she carries on the MANTUA-MAKING BUSINESS as usual.

SALES by the Provost-Marshal.

On Thursday the 15th of July next, will be sold at public vendue, at the plantation late belonging to Abel Johnston, deceased;

A SMALL stock of about 35 or 40 head of black cattle, ranging in and about the said plantation and the plantation of Mr. Theodore Gourdine, together with a boat, and sundry other articles, the property of the late Abel Johnston, deceased, and sold under execution, by

ROGER PINCKNEY, P. M.

On Tuesday the 18th day of July next, will be sold by public vendue, at the usual place in Charles-Town;

A PLANTATION or tract of LAND, containing 472 acres, situate, lying and being in the parish of St. John, Berkley county, butting and bounding to the southward on lands now or late of Merchant and Colleton, to the Westward on lands now or late of Abraham Sanders, to the northward on lands now or late of Thomas Pamor and Abraham Sanders, to the eastward on lands now or late of Charles Colleton, Thomas Cox, and Dr. Rignult; late belonging to the estate of John Ernest Hoof, and sold under execution, by

ROGER PINCKNEY, P. M.

On the same day, and at the same place, will be sold,

A PLANTATION or tract of LAND, containing 638 acres, in Amelia township, in the Horse Pasture Neck, butting and bounding to the southwest on land claimed by the heirs of George Haig, deceased, and part on land claimed by John Turner, junior, to the north on land supposed to be owned or claimed by George Haig's heirs or assigns, to the southeast on land belonging to William Dash, and on all other parts on Santee river, late the property of John Lloyd, and sold under execution, by

ROGER PINCKNEY, P. M.

LIKEWISE,

A TRACT of 42 acres, butting and bounding southwest on land belonging to the estate of Thomas Rose, north on land of Joseph Stanyarne, west on land of John Greene, and southwardly on the Broad-Path leading from Charles-Town to Ponpon, late belonging to the estate of John Chovenno, deceased, and sold under execution, by

ROGER PINCKNEY, P. M.

Charles-Town, June 24, 1769.

ANY persons willing to furnish FOUR THOUSAND feet of two inches and an half CYPRESS PLANK, to be delivered in Charles-Town, by the first day of September next, are desired forthwith to give in their proposals (sealed up) to the clerk.

By Order of the Commissioners of Fortifications,

ELISHA POINSETT, *Clerk.*

THOMAS WALTER,

Hath imported in the BEAUFAIN, *Captain* CURLING, *and other late vessels from* ENGLAND,

A compleat Assortment of GOODS,

Fit for the season, amongst which are

IRonmongery of all kinds, particularly tools and implements for carpenters and cabinet-makers, horse hair seatings; a large assortment of very handsome china, good London made callimanco and everlasting shoes and pumps, Harah, mustard, fluffs, chints, Damascus, fine satin stripes for mens jackets, furniture and fine cotton and linen checks, Taunton ale, tea and loaf sugar: which with wine, fine muscovado sugar, Northward, West-India, and fine four years old Jamaica RUM, are to be sold at his store on the Bay, many of the articles much cheaper than usual.

OLIVER DALE, & WM. GORDON,

HAVING taken the house in Meeting-street, where Mr. CONINGHAM lived and kept school, which they carry on, teach the GREEK and LATIN languages, with WRITING, ENGLISH and ARITHMETIC; they hope by their assiduity to merit the Approbation of those Gentlemen who continue their children at said school, as well as of others, who may favour them with scholars.

WHEREAS a body of land, containing, by computation 19,000 acres, commonly known by the name of part of the BIG SURVEY, near Ninety-Six, granted to John Livingston and his associates, and purchased of John Hamilton, by Messrs. Murray and Simpson, but now claimed and owned by Joseph Barnet as a purchase from said Murray, hath paid no taxes for the year 1766, &c. This is to give notice, that unless the taxes due thereon, are forthwith paid, the said land will be leased out to persons that will pay the same, agreeable to the Directions contained in the tax-act, by

JOHN SAVAGE,)
JOHN FAIRCHILD,) Collectors.
LEWIS POWELL)

May 29, 1769.

TO BE SOLD at auction, at the usual place in Charles-Town, on Tuesday next, the 4th July, without reserve,

A SCOONER,

BURTHEN about EIGHTY barrels of rice, with all her rigging, sails, &c. as she now lies at the Market wharf.

SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, jun. & Comp.

TO BE SOLD,

On the sixth day of July next, at the Vendue-House in Charles-Town,

A NEGRO MAN,

By Trade a SHIP-CARPENTER, sold under mortgage, by

ALEXANDER BURN.

On Thursday the 21st of July next, will be sold at public vendue,

THE house, out-houses, and land, with a butchery pen on it, where the sign of the Peacock is kept up the Path, fronting Mr. Lowndes's house; half the money to be paid in hand, and the other half in six months, giving at the day of sale, undeniable security, if required.

DENNIS EGAN.

Whoever inclines to purchase before the day of sale, may apply to Philip Mensing, or John Swiss.

From the North-Briton, No. CIV. April 29, 1769.

TO THE NORTH-BRITON.

SIR,

A Pamphlet has lately appeared under the title of *A North-Briton Extraordinary*, said to be written by *a young Scotsman*. Any man of sense, who reads it, will allow, that it is not necessary to go through the whole pamphlet to shew the disloyalty of the author's principles, or the treachery of his intention. It will be sufficient to take notice of one paragraph; and that the author may have no reason to complain of misrepresentation, I will quote it *verbatim*, (p. 18.)

"The author of the North-Briton, and the other political "writers, who have of late endeavoured, with all their might, "to provoke the inhabitants of this island to cut the throats of "one another, not only ventured, in direct contradiction to the "fundamental principle of the union to arraign, as an attack on "the English constitution, the appointment of a Scotsman to "any of the great offices of state; but likewise to represent all "Scotsmen, in general, as *of such an abject, slavish disposition, "and such devoted abettors of arbitrary sway*, as rendered them "wholly improper for holding any office of trust under a free "government like that of England; or for enjoying any share "in the private esteem or public councils of a British Monarch. "In support of this assertion, they insisted, with particular acri- "mony, on the tyrannical acts of the first princes of the Stuart "family who filled the English throne, as the effect of Scottish "principles; and reviled, at the same time, those princes in the "most opprobrious terms, without reflecting, I dare say, that "by so doing they offered the greatest insult to our present ex- "cellent Sovereign, who wears the crown of Great-Britain in "consequence of *no other title* than his being *a descendant of "that family*."

This young Scotsman has been very obliging to the authors of the *North-Briton*, by taking a great deal of pains to justify them so far, as to prove himself, and all of his opinion, *wholly improper for holding any office of trust under a free government like that of England*. There are very few pages in the 84 of this pamphlet, but what bear a clear and positive testimony to this truth. Enough has been quoted to satisfy an English reader what are the principles of the author. This young Scotsman's head is so filled with Father *d'Orleans*'s doctrine of *hereditary right*, that he has totally mistaken, or wilfully misrepresented, and traiterously undermined his present Majesty's title to the crown of Great-Britain.

His present Majesty's title is founded upon the *Act of Settlement*; a title, that every true Englishman will defend to the last with his blood and treasure. If his title is no other than a right by *lineal descent*, there are many claimants before his present Majesty. Which of them this author had in view, he best knows; but, without doubt, it was extremely civil to say, *our present excellent Sovereign*, when he was denying his real title to the crown of Great-Britain: unless, by *our present excellent Sovereign*, he meant some other person than *King George the Third*.

What *share in the present esteem, or public councils of a British Monarch*, that man may deserve, who limits his present Majesty's title to so unconstitutional and indefensible an issue, as *hereditary right*, may be very safely left to his Majesty's wisdom to determine. Whether this daring attack upon his present Majesty's just and *only* title to the crown of Great-Britain falls short of the guilt of high treason, I leave to the gentlemen of the long robe to declare. But it certainly is the most insolent libel upon the Revolution and the Act of Settlement, that has presumed to shew its face to the public for these many years, except one, which was also published in his present Majesty's reign, when L--d B--e, or his ghost, led his Majesty's councils, entitled, *Le Droit de Roy*. To stop the alarm this publication occasioned, it was given out, that it was written by a madman: and upon that pretence, perhaps (for I cannot find a better) the author remains to this day unprosecuted by his Majesty's faithful and watchful Ministry, whose remarkable *discretion* and *tenderness* might be unwilling to submit the author's *infirmity* to the judgment of an English jury.

If this young Scotsman is so attached to this hereditary title by descent from the Stuarts, that he cannot well get rid of it, it will be incumbent upon him (or if he understands the phrase better *it will behove him*) to prove the purity of that descent from its origin, in order to support the title of *the Stuarts*, before another person can with propriety claim under them. History charges it with two bastardizations at least. One was brought about by the vigorous attack of a young Scotsman upon the weakness of female frailty, for which the successful lover lost his life: The other was legally established as the hereditary line, and the legitimate issue set aside, by an act of parliament of Scotland. And, as this author seems to be a little embarrassed in accounting for *James the First*'s despotic maxims as not of Scottish growth, I am willing to relieve him so far as to allow, that it is not a clear case that *James the First* was of Scottish blood by the father's side. It is well known that the historians of that time have left his legitimacy very suspicious; and the inherent cowardice of James's soul rather favours the opinion of an *Italian*, than a *Scottish* extract.

I did intend to have rested here, as enough has been said to explain the loyalty of our author's principles; but when I reflect upon the indefatigable labour he has exerted, through 30 pages, to spirit up the common people of Scotland to another rebellion, by the most virulent abuse and misrepresentation of the *Act of Union*, I cannot pass it by unnoticed.

It is well known that, ever since the *Act of Union*, this has been the popular, and most effectual cry, to raise a commotion in Scotland. To dissolve the Union, was the very motive that engaged many of the inhabitants of Scotland to join the Pretender in the rebellion of 1745; which, this author allows, "was "unluckily commenced in his own country." And it is worth remarking, that the chief of the Pretender's friends were several days on the borders of England, before their Scotch recruits could be prevailed upon to come forward. The latter declared their intention was not to meddle with England, but to have *a King of their own*. That this was promised them, and for this purpose alone they joined the Pretender.

Our author's attempt, to compass the same end, is so very open and above-board, that it seems to be obliged to innuendo's to explain it. His own words need no comment. Let his pamphlet speak for itself.

Speaking of Queen Anne's Ministry, he says, (page 48) "A "treaty of Union, which had so often been attempted in vain, "was, under their auspices, brought to a final conclusion be- "tween the two kingdoms, and that on terms so singularly ad- "vantageous and honourable for England, and *so extremely "disgraceful and ruinous for Scotland*, that were they to be an- "nounced to Edward III. in the shades, the authority of an "angel would be hardly sufficient to make him believe the "intelligence."

To inform his countrymen once more again with what our author calls, "the *ferocious warlike spirit*, which was formerly "the ruling passion of the inhabitants of Scotland," he tells them, (page 50). "No sooner were the articles of Union gene- "rally known over the country, than *all ranks* testified such a "degree of resentment and indignation, as cannot be expressed. "Nothing prevailed but an universal uproar; nothing was heard "but vows of revenge, and the bitterest imprecations upon those "who had so betrayed the honour and interest of their country. "In many places the people flew to arms, resolved, if all other "means failed, to prevent *by force* the accomplishment of a "measure in every view so *infamous* and *detrimental*." But he complains, (notwithstanding *all ranks* had testified an inexpressible resentment and indignation) "that no proper person ap- "peared to head the general commotion."

He repeats his exclamation again, (page 55) "I will venture "to pronounce it (*the treaty of Union*) the most honourable "and advantageous to England, and *the most disgraceful and "ruinous to Scotland*, that can be pointed out in the whole an- "nals of mankind, as having been entered into by two inde- "pendent states."

Page 56. "If to forfeit, without any crime by them com- "mitted, near four fifths of the constituent members of its par- "liament of their most valuable privileges, that of governing "themselves and their countrymen;---if to transfer from its "own hands all power over the lives and properties of its sub- "jects;---if to make a voluntary surrender of every mark of "sovereignty and independency;---in one word, if to constitute "itself, by its own act and deed, a *servile province* of a rival "kingdom, be accounted dishonourable in a *rival state*, all this "was done by Scotland in consenting to the treaty of Union."

To stop the ears of his countrymen against the remonstrance of any English fellow-subject, who shall endeavour to remove this stumbling-block, this rock of offence, by setting forth the advantages of the Union to our brethren of Scotland, he calls upon any person of common sense to declare, (page 58) "Whether "*any* concessions and privileges, in the power of our neighbours "to confer on us, could in any degree counterbalance the *dis- "honour* thence arising."---Here is an open avowal of his purpose to keep up the old spirit, and preserve this popular bone of contention, ready to be thrown out again upon the first favourable opportunity. But I presume, after what has been said, the reader will not be surprised to find our author complaining, (page 59) "that the people of Scotland are subjected to the English law of treason."

He concludes his pamphlet with a petition, supported by a threatening, (page 84) "Dissolve, we entreat you, the bond "that unites us, and generously restore us to our original *inde- "pendency*; for remember that it is in your power, not in our's. "But, at any rate, forbear to insult us, any longer, lest you "find more reason than you expect to repent of your imprudence "in driving us to extremity; for poor and contemptible as you "seem to suppose us, we can still bring to the field, without "much difficulty, 60,000 of the bravest men in Europe."---A bold challenge, and like a man of spirit!

All this is intelligible language, and stands in no need of an explanation. But, if a *true* libel upon the conduct of a *bad Minister of State*, is a crime of so very heinous a nature in these days, as never to be forgiven or expiated, what shall be done unto the man, who openly arraigns his Majesty's true and *only* title to the crown of Great-Britain, and publickly blows the trumpet of rebellion again in the North? It would be a presumption, as bold as this libel itself, to suppose, that the title the author assumes will answer the purpose of a protection; and that what would be sedition and treason in one man, shall prove venial in another.

No doubt our author thought he had taken the advantage of the ground, in beginning his operation with an attack upon some idle national jests, which, a few years ago, were played off by by men of more wit than discretion, in opposition to one man, whose *folly*, *covetousness*, *partiality*, and *pride*, both parts of the kingdom have reason to curse.

In short, this *young Scotsman* has placed his countrymen before the public in full as unfavourable a light for a spirit of disloyalty, riot, and uproar, as any in which the *North-Briton* had ever exposed him. The only difference between them is this:--- the *North-Briton* has *blamed* the spirit, and this author *glories* in it.

I ought here, in justice to our brethren in Scotland, to declare that it would be doing them a wrong, to charge this infamous libel to their national account. The charge ought, in all reason, to be limited to those individuals only, who espouse it and its principles. I am persuaded the gentlemen of a liberal education in North Britain will detest it, (or, in modern phrase, *abhor* it) and all principles so diametrically opposite to the British constitution, and so pregnant with mischief and bloodshed. Therefore I rather conclude, that it was an attempt of one of those incendiaries, the Jesuits, who, after having turned the rest of the world up-side-down, are come hither also to revive a quarrel between us and our Northern brethren.---The author's gross misrepresentation of facts, the inconsistency of his argument with itself, and the spirit of empty declamation that runs through his pamphlet, bear evident marks of that society.

HAMPDEN.

P. S. As ministerial addresses of *abhorrence* are come again into fashion, it is humbly submitted to the judgment of the *present ministry*, whether it would not be expedient to insert, in their future addresses, a clause to express their particular abhorrence of this *North-Briton Extraordinary*; that his Majesty may be informed by them of *one* truth at least, that such a publication has appeared: and, by their censure of it, may have reason to hope they have some regard for *his title to the crown of Great-Britain*.

New Advertisements.

GEORGE COOKE, & Comp.

HAVE JUST IMPORTED,

In the QUEEN-CHARLOTTE, *Captain* CHAMBERLING, *from* LONDON, *and the* PROSPER, *from* BRISTOL;

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT of

G O O D S,

Which they will dispose of upon low terms for cash, produce, or short credit, at the South corner store, the bottom of Broad-street;

AMONG WHICH ARE,

SEVERAL pieces of plain and flowered gauze, silk and thread gauze, gauze and silk handkerchiefs, white, black, blue and crimson flowered sattins, persians and modes; a variety of fashionable ribbons, necklaces, ear rings, fans, Dutch and blond lace, black and scarlet snail, silk and sattin hats and cloaks, caps, feathers, flowers and egrets, book muslin, womens and girls silk and leather gloves and mitts, womens and childrens stays; a great choice of printed linens and cottons, 3-4th, 7-8th, and yard wide Irish linen, garlix, flowered, pistol, and long lawns and cambricks, clouting and napkining diaper, silk damascus, and ginghams, romals, linen and check handkerchiefs, 3-4th, 7-8th, and yard wide linen and cotton checks, jeans, and corded dimity, sagathy, serge de Nisme, nankeens, ravens duck, prince's stuff, Irish sheeting, damask and diaper table cloths, fine and coarse chipt hats, horse hair seating, marking canvas, osnabrugs, bombazines, poplins and lutestrings; a large assortment of mens, women and childrens silk, cotton, and thread hose, silk and worsted breeches patterns, men, women, boys and girls leather and stuff shoes and pumps; an assortment of stationary, hats, pewter, combs, cutlery, haberdashery, ironmongery, carpenters, coopers and shoemakers tools, saddles, and saddlery, velvet and leather caps, window and other glass ware, family medicines, fine bohea tea, loaf sugar, and other grocery, Oronoko and pigtail tobacco, broad hoes, &c. gunpowder, shot, lead, bar iron, steel, salt and rum, &c. with a variety of other necessary articles.

WILLIAM HINCKLEY.

HAS just imported, and to be sold at his store in Longitude-lane, near General-Post-Office,

CHOICE JAMAICA RUM,

Fit for present USE,

IN hogsheads and porter casks; muscovado SUGAR in hogsheads and barrels; and a few casks of good COFFEE.

WHITE PLAINS

OF an extraordinary width and quality, bought by Mr. WALTER MANSELL, of the manufacturers in WALES, with *ready money*, and just arrived in the NANCY, Captain GEORGE JORDAN, to be sold very reasonably, with an assortment of other GOODS usually imported, at our store in Tradd-street. MANSELL, CORBETT, & ROBERTS.

N. B. MANNA in boxes of about 40 lb. each, to be sold very cheap; English CORDAGE at 7*l.* per 100 lb. by the coil, for cash; English OATS at 15*s.* per bushel.

ALL Persons that have any demands against the estate of WILLIAM JOHNSON, late of Charles-Town, deceased, are desired not to fail to bring in their accompts, properly attested, by the first day of August next, by which day, it is expected, that all who are indebted to said estate will make payment to RUTH JOHNSON, Administratrix.
JOSEPH VERRE, Administrator.

FOUND,

BY a negro boy, belonging to the subscriber, a FIFTY POUNDS CERTIFICATE: the owner on describing the same, paying for this advertisement, and rewarding the boy for his fidelity, may have it restored, by applying to JOHN TROUP.

LOST,

ON Tuesday night last, a stone breast buckle set in silver, supposed to be dropt between the upper end of Broad-street and the State-House. Any person delivering the same to the Printer hereof, shall be reasonably rewarded.

Philip Tidyman,

JEWELLER and GOLD-SMITH,

HATH just imported in the two last vessels from LONDON:

A VERY great assortment of PLATE, both large and small, chased and plain, all of the newest fashion, with a variety of jewellery, gold watches and chains, gold headed canes, swords, coutenus, thermometers, barometers, and all kinds of opticks. Some elegant pieces of large PLATE, such as kitchens, tea kettles, and very large waiters, will be sold at Eight and an Half for One CASH, and Nine for One credit.

Those that have lately lost TABLE SPOONS are desired to call at the shop, two having been stopt on suspicion.

☞ A person who lately took away a GOLD THIMBLE, without leave, is desired to return or pay for it immediately, or very disagreeable consequences may ensue, should it be still kept either from fear or shame.

St. John's, June 20, 1769.

TOLLED before the subscriber, by Thomas Durfey, of Strawberry, a sorrel trotting horse, about eight years old, has a white face, mane and tail, branded on the mounting buttock EI, joined together, like a □, and on the off one like TP in one, and is about 13 hands and an half high. The owner may prove his property before JOHN COLLETON.

Horse-Shoe, June 23, 1769.

CHARLES SHAW informs me of a grey GELDING, about twelve hands and an half high, branded on the off shoulder TA in one, and on the mounting shoulder P 5.

Also, of a flea-bitten grey GELDING, of the same size, branded on the mounting shoulder W, on the off shoulder with 5, and on the buttock of the same side with the letter S; lately broke into the plantation of Thomas Boone, Esq; and are a good match. The owner or owners to prove his or their property before PHILIP SMITH.

I AM informed of a black MARE, about ten years old, thirteen hands and an half high, branded on the mounting shoulder S, and on the buttock H. The owner may prove his property before HENRY SMITH.

Goose-Creek, June 28, 1769.

Beach-Hill, St. Paul's Parish, June 13, 1769.

I AM informed of a strayed bay mare, she has a snip on her nose, some white spots on her back, and about thirteen hands high, branded on the mounting shoulder and buttock with an X with a heart joined a top. And,

An iron grey two year old stallion, has a star in his forehead, and not branded. The owners of the above strays must apply and prove their property before

ANDREW LEITCH, J. P.

Amelia-Township, June 8, 1769.

A FLEA bitten grey MARE, about ten years old, some remarkable black spots on her rump, branded on the off shoulder and buttock RG.

A brown bay HORSE, nine years old, 14 hands hands high, one hind foot white, a pacer, branded on the near shoulder I, on the near buttock with a heart and the letter P, and on the off buttock *R* P separate, the *R* reversed.

A flea-bitten grey HORSE, ten years old, thirteen hands and an half high, a pacer, branded on the near buttock B, on the off shoulder obscurely, which cannot be made out.

A black HORSE with a small star, near 15 hands high, about eight years old, a trotter, branded on the near shoulder W N, and on the near buttock P. The owners of the above strays may apply to, and prove their properties before

JOHN LIVISTON.

June 27, 1769.

A BLUE roan HORSE, about 14 hands high, has a large bell on, branded on the mounting buttock TL, with an obscure mark above, that cannot be made out, the horse is a trottter; the bell is marked QR in one. Also,

A flea-bitten grey HORSE, above 13 hands high, branded on the mounting buttock W, and is a natural pacer. The owners may apply to, and prove their property before

JOHN LIVISTON,

(t. f.)

TO BE LETT,

And may be entered upon immediately.

A Convenient BRICK TENEMENT in Elliott-street, belonging to JOHN HUGER, Esq. Inquire of GRIFFITH & CAPE.

CHARLES-TOWN, JUNE 29.

SO thoroughly are the Body of the Inhabitants of this Province convinced of the Neceſſity of entering into an Agreement, the Form of which is inſerted in the Beginning of this Paper, that there were no leſs than twenty-five of our Repreſentatives, in their private Capacities, amongſt the firſt Signers on Tueſday, to whom (though ſeveral Reſolutions of like Tendency had been taken before in different Diviſions of the Country, which are now laid aſide, and the preſent Plan adopted) may be aſcribed the Honour of taking the Lead in this moſt momentous Affair: And although this Colony may, perhaps, be the *laſt* on the Continent that has ſo openly come into a Meaſure of this Sort, yet we are confident, that, notwithſtanding the invidious Artifices of a few, this Subſcription will make as reſpectable an Appearance as any in America; Numbers of the Forms being already circulated, and moſt readily acquieſced in, in all Parts of the Province.

On Monday laſt twenty-four of the Members of the Commons Houſe of Aſſembly of this Province, elected in March laſt, met in General Aſſembly, took the uſual Oaths and their Seats, and unanimouſly choſe the Honourable PETER MANIGAULT, Eſq; for their Speaker; whom having preſented the next Day to the Governor, after approving their Choice, his Excellency was pleaſed to open the Seſſion with the following SPEECH.

Honourable Gentlemen,
Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the Commons Houſe of Aſſembly,

IS Majeſty having been pleaſed to ſignify to me, that it is not his Intention, that this Province in general ſhould any longer ſuffer, on Account of the intemperate Reſolutions of the late Commons Houſe of Aſſembly, by a Diſcontinuance of the Meeting of their Repreſentatives; I have taken the earlieſt Opportunity to call you together, for the neceſſary Diſpatch of the public Buſineſs, which I truſt you will proceed upon, with Prudence, Unanimity and Expedition.

Although there are ſeveral Matters that well deſerve your ſerious Conſideration, I cannot help mentioning to you the Grievances that your Fellow-Subjects ſuffer in the interior Parts of this Province, from the Want of an equal Diſtribution of Juſtice, as a Matter that claims your immediate Attention and Regard. As I have lately been an Eye-Witneſs to the Diſtreſſes they labour under, I earneſtly recommend to you, to purſue ſuch Meaſures, as will tend to relieve them; and in order to eaſe your Deliberations on this Point, I will lay before you, Copies of the Report of the Lords Commiſſioners for Trade and Plantations, on the Bill for eſtabliſhing Circuit Courts in this Province, paſſed ſome Time ſince, wherein you will ſee ſtated, the Reaſons, that operated againſt that Act's receiving the Royal Approbation.

I alſo recommend to you, to conſider of ſome Regulations, for carrying on the Trade between this Province and the *Indians*; it having been under no Regulation for theſe ſix Months paſt, and ſome Diſturbances have already happened between them and the Traders, which, if not attended to in Time, may be productive of dangerous Conſequences.

Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the Commons Houſe of Aſſembly,

I ſhall order the public Accompts to be laid before you, and deſire that you will make Proviſion for their Diſcharge.

Honourable Gentlemen,
Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the Commons Houſe of Aſſembly,

The growing Intereſt of this Province, cannot fail to raiſe the moſt pleaſing Reflections, in the Breaſt of every Well-wiſher to its Proſperity; and the late liberal Bounty granted by Parliament, on the Importation of Silk from the Colonies, as it flatters us with the Hopes of adding another valuable Staple to your Province, it cannot fail to add to the Gratitude, the many and great Benefactions you have received, from your Mother-Country, juſtly deſerves: Let it be your Care to improve the Advantages you enjoy; and, in every Meaſure calculated to promote the true Welfare and Happineſs of the Province, you may rely on my Countenance and Support.

June 27, 1769. C. G. MONTAGU.

The following is a Liſt of the Gentlemen who have taken their Seats in the Hon. Commons Houſe of Aſſembly, with the Pariſhes they repreſent annexed.

ST. PHILIP'S, Charles-Town	Chriſtopher Gadſden,	Eſquires.
	Charles Pinckney,	
	Henry Laurens,	
ST. MICHAEL'S	Benjamin Dart,	
	John Lloyd,	
	Thomas Savage,	
CHRIST-CHURCH	John Rutledge,	
	John Poaug,	
ST. JOHN'S, Berkley-County	Willliam Moultrie,	
ST. THOMAS & ST. DENNIS	Hon. Peter Manigault,	
	Robert Quaſh, jun.	
ST. GEORGE, Dorcheſter	David Oliphant,	
	Benjamin Waring,	
ST. JAMES, Gooſe-Creek	John Parker,	
	Benjamin Huger,	
ST. ANDREW'S	William Scott,	
	George Sheed,	
ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S	Rawlins Lowndes,	
	James Parſons,	
	James Reid,	
ST. HELENA,	Thomas Smith, Br. ſtreet,	
PRINCE-WILLIAM'S	Barnard Elliott,	
ST. PETER'S	William Williamſon,	
ST. JAMES, Santee	Daniel Horry,	
	Thomas Evance,	
ST. STEPHEN'S	Tacitus Gaillard,	
PRINCE-GEORGE, Winyah	Thomas Lynch,	
	Elias Horry, jun.	
ST. MARK'S	Joſeph Kerſhaw,	

Writs, we hear, are to be iſſued, for electing new Members of the preſent Aſſembly, in the Room of the following Gentlemen, viz. Two for St. John's Pariſh, Colleton County, in the Room of John Parker, Eſq; who ſerves for St. James, Gooſe-Creek, and of David Graeme, Eſq; who refuſed to ſerve. One for St. John's Pariſh, Berkley County, in the Room of Edward Harleſton, Eſq. Two for Prince Frederick's, in the Room of Charles Cantey, and Theodore Gaillard, jun. Eſqrs. And Two for All-Saints, in the Room of Joſeph Alliſton, Eſq; who have all declined to ſerve. And Two for St. Luke's, in the room of Thomas Bee, and John Wragg, Eſqrs. that Election having been declared void by the Houſe.

We are informed, that Governor Pownall, lately moved the Houſe of Commons to appoint an early Day for going into a Committee to conſider of the late Act for impoſing Duties on Paper, &c. mentioning that he had certain Reſolutions to offer in the Committee, if his Motion was agreed to, the Purport of which were, "That the ſaid Duties tended to obſtruct the Vent "of Britiſh Manufactures in the Colonies, and to render them "leſs uſeful and beneficial to Great-Britain: That the Intent of "the ſaid Act, being to raiſe a Revenue, had not been found to "anſwer and therefore, that ſo much of the ſaid Act as impoſed "the ſeveral Duties therein mentioned, ought to be repealed upon "commercial Principles alone." That on all Sides of the Houſe it was thought too late in the Seſſion, to agitate the Queſtion of a Repeal of any Part of that Act, and ſeemed very much the Senſe of the Houſe to be improper to go upon it in the preſent Exigency of Affairs: And that therefore, as it might tend much to heal and quiet the Minds of the People in America, General Conway propoſed to the Conſideration of the Houſe coming into a Reſolution, declaring, that it might be proper to go into a Committee in the next Seſſion of Parliament, to reviſe and conſider of the ſaid Acts; by which America would ſee, that the Houſe was diſpoſed to attend to the Complaints of the Colonies, when coming before them unaccompanied with Circumſtances either of Intimidation from Reſolutions of not importing Britiſh Manufactures, or Oppoſition and Obſtructions to the Officers of Government there. That this ſeemed to expreſs the Opinions of Gentlemen; but the reſt of the Miniſtry would not bind themſelves, and therefore declined coming into ſuch a Reſolution. That, upon the Principle of that Suppoſition, as it was thought it might be of ſome Service to be underſtood in America, that (if no material Circumſtances ſhould in the mean time occur to render it improper) the Houſe would be moved to take up the Conſideration of the ſaid Acts: And that Sir William Meredith had declared, that he would certainly trouble the Houſe with ſuch a Motion, in the next Seſſion of Parliament, in which Manner the Debate went off, upon Mr. Pownall's Motion.

The Intention of the Mechanicks, &c. at the Meeting adverti'ed to be on Monday next, we hear, is to ſign the Form of the Agreement before mentioned.

What the Reſult of the Meeting of the Body of Merchants To-morrow, may be, our Readers may probably be informed in our next.

We were lately informed of the Diſſolution of the Aſſemblies of VIRGINIA and NORTH-CAROLINA. We now hear, that the former ſat only *eight Days*; that their Diſſolution came upon them, while they were framing ſome Reſolutions, which they thought the Circumſtances of the Times rendered neceſſary; and that no Writs for a new Aſſembly will be iſſued 'till Lord Bottetourt hears from Home: But in North-Carolina, Writs are iſſued for electing a new Aſſembly on the 28th of July next.

The Honourable William Wragg, Eſq; we hear, has declined accepting the Appointment of Chief Juſtice of this Province, adhering to his Plan of Retirement from all public Buſineſs.

A Scooner is hired to be employed as a temporary Packet-Boat, under the Command of Capt. Arthur Clark (till a proper Veſſel for that ſervice can be built here) to go from hence to Jamaica, thence to Penſacola, and back here; for which the firſt Mail, we hear, is to be made up at the General Poſt-Office on Monday next.

Yeſterday a Court of Admiralty Seſſions was held here, for the Trial of Captain John Scrogham, for the alledged Murder of John Bond, when Captain Scrogham was acquitted.

Sunday laſt arrived here in the Ship Nancy, Capt. Jordan, from London, Mrs. Cecilia Moultrie, Relict of the late Chief Juſtice of Eaſt-Florida, the Hon. James Moultrie, Eſq; with her youngeſt Son; the eldeſt died on the Paſſage: Alſo Meſſrs. Francis Ayrton and William Morgan, Merchants, and other Paſſengers.

The ſame Day ſailed for Boſton and Halifax, the Bonetta Sloop of War.

The ſame Day died, much regretted by thoſe who knew him, Mr. Chriſtopher Simpſon, Merchant.

Laſt Monday died Mr. John St. Leger, Attorney at Law.

The Price of RICE *is now* 65 *s. per* 100 *lb. The Quantity exported ſince* 10*th October laſt*, 110,000 *Barrels.*

Timothy's Marine Liſt.

June

Arrivals at Charles-Town,

		From
23*d*.	Sloop Jamaica-Packet, Francis Dickenſon,	Jamaica
24*th*.	Scooner Sally, John Mills,	Georgia
25*th*.	Ship Nancy, George Jordan,	London
28*th*.	Sloop Seaflower, William Tatem,	St. Euſtatius

June Sailed, *For*

24*th*.	Brigantine Philadelphia Packet, Wm. Coward,	Cape-Fear
	Brigantine Harriot, Thomas Rymer,	Liverpoole
	Sloop Frances, James Seymour,	Bermuda
26*th*.	His Majeſty's Sloop *Bonetta*, Capt. *Ja. Wallace*,	Halifax
	Scooner Liberty, Richard Churchill,	Georgia
27*th*.	Scooner Nanny, William Blythe,	St. Auguſtine
28*th*.	Sloop Sooky & Nancy, Richard Newbold,	Jamaica
29*th*.	Sloop Hope, John Stephenſon,	New-York

Remain windbound or cleared. *For*

His Majeſty's Ship *Fowey*, *Mark Robinſon*, Eſq;	Co. Halifax
His Majeſty's Pa. Boat *Eagle*, Capt. *Jer. Beale*,	Falmouth
Ship Jenny, Richard Webſter,	Liverpoole
Snow William & James, Samuel Corrie,	Cape-Fear
Brigantine Flora, William Manſon,	Whitby
Scooner Elizabeth, George Tyler,	New-Providence
Sloop Sally, Joſeph Blewer,	Philadelphia

May ſail between this and our next. *For*

Ship Champion, David Chew,	Cowes
Ship Mercury, Baſil Maxwell,	Briſtol
Snow Polly, John Rainier,	London
Snow Lilly, John Scrogham,	Liverpoole
Brigantine Ranger, William Pickles,	London
Brigantine Smyth, John Moncrieff,	Jamaica
Scooner Bro'ton-Iſland Packet, Peter Bachop,	St. Auguſtine
Scooner Betſey, *(a temporary Pa. Boat)* *A. Clark*,	*Jamaica*
Sloop Eleuthera-Packet, Milner Tucker,	New-Providence
Sloop Charles-Town, John Leaycraft,	St. Chriſtophers
Sloop Fox, Eliſha Hinman,	Antigua

Entered out, and loading. *For*

Ship Betſey & Polly, James Bailey,	Bremen
Ship St. John, Thomas Clifton,	Liverpoole
Ship George, Philip Walſh,	Leith
Ship Queen Charlotte, John Chamberling,	London
Ship Britannia, Alexander Hardie,	Goſport
Brigantine Proſper, Henry Thompſon,	Jamaica

Other Veſſels in Port.

Ship King-George, William Graham,	London
Ship Counteſs of Suſſex, Thomas Davies	Liverpoole
Ship Beaufain, Daniel Curling,	London
Ship Edgar, Henry Madden,	
Sloop Montagu,	

Arrivals from this Port. *At*

Ship Hannebal, Joſeph Puddicombe,	*Liſbon*
Ship Reynolds, Jaſper Hawkins,	*Cowes*
Ship Cygnet, James Smith,	*Cape-Fear*
Ship Sally and Betſey, Francis Stanfell,	*Cape-Fear*
Brigantine Elizabeth, James Hunt,	*Poole*
Brigantine Clibborn, William Coldſtream,	*Cape-Fear*
Sloop Sword-Fiſh, James Card,	*Cape-Fear*

LONDON, APRIL 25.

WHEN a great perſonage was paſſing along on Friday to a certain houſe, the mob at firſt huzza'd him, a report having been ſpread that the ſecond ſentence of a certain gentleman was remitted; but, on being informed of the contrary, they on his return behaved in a different manner.

The militia act, which before Tueſday laſt, was *annual*, is now made *perpetual*. This act will give the people a perpetual check againſt the encroachments of any adminiſtration, unleſs, under the ſpecious pretence of *amendments*, it be at leaſt perverted into a ſtanding army. It is therefore the duty of every popular member of the houſe of commons to be continually upon the guard againſt any *amendment* whatever. An inſtance of this kind we have in the preſent *mutiny bill*, which by the annual *amendments* it has undergone, ever ſince its firſt inſtitution, is ſo much altered, we cannot ſay amended, that it ſcarcely reſembles its firſt forms in any one feature.

Mr. Whitefield preaching lately upon theſe words, "*Peace be unto you*," took occaſion to obſerve, that the moſt effectual way to put an end to all public riots and diſturbances among the people, would be to have the peace of God in their hearts.

It is ſaid, that a certain gentleman meets with frequent inſults, and is likely to have a continuance of them in all public places.

So much does the ſpirit of liberty prevail in a certain part of the principality of Wales, that on a propoſal of inſtructions at the laſt aſſizes, by the high ſheriff and grand jury, there was not a ſingle diſſenting voice to be found through the whole county.

We hear the inſtructions from a diſtant county are attended with a remonſtrance that does infinite honour to thoſe true ſons of liberty.

We hear that one part of their remonſtrance contains this ſentence:---"Whenever ſtar-chamber proceedings are with impunity ſuffered, we may bid adieu to our conſtitution; a conſtitution founded on the principles of liberty, obtained by our anceſtors at the riſque of their lives, and which is incumbent on us with our lives to ſupport."

The annual ſum of 1500l. lately wanted to raiſe the ſalaries of the ſeveral clerks in the ſecretaries of ſtate's offices, we hear, will be charged on the revenues ariſing in the general poſt-office.

A few days ſince the locks of the muſkets, belonging to the Middleſex militia were by order taken off, and tied to their ſeveral bayonets.

We are aſſured that Mr. Luttrell, who is gone down to Warwickſhire, will not return till after the parliament is prorogued.

We are credibly informed that a very recent election coſt a very odious and unpopular candidate upwards of 5,000 l. a report likewiſe prevails that he has been reimburſed, but whether from the t---------y or what *other quarter* WE ſhall not preſume (though the PUBLIC will) to determine.

Sir R----- D------ received 600 tickets for the next lottery, at the original price, as a recompence for ſigning his name in the *Black Liſt*, and going in the proceſſion to deliver the *ſubſome* addreſs.

On Monday a grand Committee was held at Cockpit, Whitehall, on affairs (ſaid to be of great importance) relative to America: moſt of the great officers of ſtate aſſiſted.

Some important news is daily expected from Germany.

It is not leſs true than ſingular, that the number of coaches which carried company to the King's-Bench priſon, on Sunday laſt, was exactly 45.

It is ſaid that ſeveral patriotic gentlemen have reſolved never to conſent to their ſons or daughters marrying into any but patriotic families, that their blood may flow uncontaminated by venal connections.

It is ſaid that the affairs of this kingdom were ſo admirably adjuſted at the laſt meeting at Newmarket, that there will be no material changes in the miniſtry till the April meeting at the ſame place.

It is ſaid that 7000 ſeamen will be wanted to complete the complements of the ſhips of war now fitting in the ſeveral ports of the kingdom.

APRIL 27.

Yeſterday a court of Aldermen was held at Guildhall, and the opinions of the counſel relative to the election of Mr. Wilkes as Alderman of Farringdon-Ward without, was laid before them; when it appeared, that the attorney-general, ſolicitor-general, the Hon. Mr. Yorke, Mr. Serjeant Glynn, and Mr. Serjeant Lee, were of opinion, that the inhabitants had a right to elect Mr. Wilkes, but gave no determination as to the right of the court of Aldermen to refuſe him as a member of their body. The opinion of Sir Fletcher Norton, the city recorder, and the common-ſerjeant, was, that Mr. Wilkes was not legally eligible to the office of Alderman.

After the above opinions were read, the queſtion was put, whether notice ſhould be ſent to Mr. Wilkes of his being declared duly elected, which paſſed in the negative ſix to ten.

We are told that the courier who was diſpatched laſt week to a noble D------e at New-market, requiring his immediate attendance in town, arrived juſt as his grace had loſt a bett of 1000 guineas, which ſo chagrined him for the moment, that he was going to pocket the diſpatches, without ever once looking at their contents, till the meſſenger very modeſtly told him, "he believed they required an anſwer."

So exact is a certain N-------n, who was lately ſent for in haſte from New-market, in his amuſements on the turf, that, on his examining his memorandums when he arrived in town, and finding he made a bet of fifty pounds (through his hurry) more than he intended, an expreſs was immediately ſent off to his agent at New-market to have it drawn.

Many inſtruments, it is ſaid, are now employed by the court party, to draw over a certain chief magiſtrate, whoſe conduct has hitherto acquired him not only the eſteem but the public thanks of the corporation over whom he has the honour to preſide.

We hear that the report of a demand of an extraordinary nature having been made here, from abroad, is entirely deſtitute of foundation.

By letters from Portſmouth we are informed, that, contrary to expectation, ſeamen are ſo ſcarce to be got, that the officers find great difficulty in picking up a ſufficiency to half man the ſhips of war going out to different ſtations.

It is confidently ſaid great diſcontents has lately ariſen between two illuſtrious perſonages.

We cannot give the leaſt credit to the aſſertion in the morning papers of this day, reſpecting a great lawyer having declared, *that the proceedings of the Houſe of Commons with regard to Colonel Luttrell, are perfectly legal and conſtitutional*; and we hope ſpeedily to hear this *bold aſſertion* contradicted.

Mr. Wilkes ſtands in juſt the ſame ſituation with the city of London in regard to his being an Alderman, as he did with the parliament when he was choſen a member.

The fleet which has been ſome time at *Mile-End* taking in her lading, is ready to ſail with the firſt fair wind, and bound for *Whitehall*, thoſe who have ſeen the bills of lading ſay they contain greater riches than they can expreſs; that the Spaniſh flota and galleons together, were never worth half ſo much.

We hear that it is foretold by an eminent almanack maker, that the tide will be ſo high one day next week, that the ſtreets in Weſtminſter, eſpecially about Palace-yard and St. James's, will not be paſſable.

A correſpondent ſends us word that the waters of Bareges have the peculiar property, that if a patient once begins to drink them, he muſt neceſſarily continue the practice as long as he lives, or his health will be rather injured than amended.

We hear that a lady of great conſequence loſt the ſum of 25,000 l. a few nights ago at the game of Hazard.

We are aſſured that a certain gentleman, who has lately ſuffered a conſiderable loſs by play, laſt week ſold a fine houſe and gardens for 4500 l. to the very perſon to whom he gave 15,000l. for them about ſeven years ago, and which have coſt him a conſiderable yearly ſum ever ſince, in making improvements.

Laſt week as Colonel Henry Lawes Luttrell was riding in Hyde-Park, he was ſuddenly ſurrounded by a flying party of the mobility, in number about forty or fifty perſons; but having the prudence of mind to throw amongſt them a handful or two of ſilver, and clapping ſpurs to his horſe, had the good fortune, for this one time, to eſcape the vengeance of an enraged and implacable populace.

*** *The Remainder of the London Intelligence, Advertiſements &c. will be inſerted in a Supplement.*

PETER LEGER, & Co.

HAVE just imported from BRISTOL, *purchased from the first Hands,*

A large PARCEL of White and Coloured

PLAINS,

And in the BEAUFAIN, DANIEL CURLING, *Master, from* LONDON, *an assortment of the articles usually imported for the present season: Amongst which are,*

A PARCEL of English and India silks, plain and flowered English and India chints and ginghams, suits of worked muslins, viz, double ruffles, handkerchiefs and aprons, lawn aprons with borders, white, blue and black flowered sattins, fashionable sattin hats and cloaks, ditto bonnets, sattin and persian quilted petticoats, head lace, blond ditto, Jacob's ladder and footing, bed lace and fringe, fashionable figured mode cloaks, trimmed with blond lace, ribbons of the latest taste, mens fashionable beaver hats, setts of table and breakfast china, maids neat Morocco pumps---black, white, cloth, green, blue cassimus, remarkable wear for breeches--Wilton and Scotch carpets, bags of feathers, feather beds, bolster and pillows. A large assortment of silk, cotton and thread hose, princes, &c. with a number of other articles, will be sold at their stores in town and country, on the most reasonable terms.

THOMAS-L. SMITH,

EARNESTLY entreats those indebted to him by bond, note, or book-accompt, to make payment to Mr. JOHN LOGAN, who has directions to put every debt in suit without distinction, that may remain unpaid the 1st of September next.

The long indulgence already granted, he fears, has made his friends unmindful of him, the intention therefore of this advertisment is, to prevent their being put to the charges that will accrue should they neglect what he so reasonably requires.

N. B. A pair of very good bay GELDINGS, that match well, and have been used to a post-chaise and phaeton, to be sold. Enquire of Mr. LOGAN. 6 w.

THE subscriber having lately sold his two tenements situated on the Bay, will now sell and dispose of his lot of land situated in Queen-street, which contains in front on the said street 260 feet or thereabouts; and is bounded to the southward on the said street, to the eastward on Church-street, and to the northward on the Church-yard. Any person inclinable to purchase the said lot, or a part thereof, may know the terms, by applying to ALEXANDER PERONNEAU.

N. B. There is on the said Lot, three good DWELLING-HOUSES, &c.

BALES of the best London DUFFILS—barrels of London PORTER---some very handsome riding chairs, casks of 4 and 5-penny nails---a very good HARPSICHORD, an assortment of ANCHORS and GRAPNALS---best London-made Brid-port canvas, No. 1 to 8---sheathing paper and nails, oakum and gun-powder.

The said articles are just arrived, in the Brigantine Smyth, from London, and are offered for sale at 800 per cent. advance, by ROBERT SMYTH.

Who hath on hand, a few pipes of PARTICULAR MADERA WINE, of the vintage 1765; likewise old Coniac BRANDY, old HOCK--Oporto WINE, per hamper or hogshead--Vidonia, CLARET, &c. (6w.)

To be Lett,

And may be entered on immediately.

A HOUSE in Tradd-street, opposite to WILLIAM BURROWS, Esq'rs.---has six rooms, two dry cellars, a kitchen, and store-room. Inquire of Mr. ABRAHAM ROULAIN, Cabinet-maker, in Tradd-street, or the subscriber in St. Thomas's parish. JAMES ROULAIN.

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S Parish, JUNE 6th, 1769.

WE the subscribers, Commissioners for Ponpon-Bridge, hereby GIVE NOTICE to the inhabitants and owners of SLAVES, in the parishes of St. Bartholomew and St. Paul, that their males, from the age of 16 to 60 years, were assessed two years ago, at the sum of TWO SHILLINGS and SIX PENCE per head, and public notice of it given; And, as very little notice has been taken thereof, this will inform them, that unless the said tax is paid (that they may be enabled to pay off the workmen) on or before the first day of September next, they will then positively issue out executions against the defaulters.

ISAAC HAYNE, JOSHUA SWINDLE, THOMAS ROBERTS, } *Commissioners for St Bartholomew's*

CHRISTOPHER PETERS, JOSEPH BEE, } *Commissioners for St. Paul's.*

TO BE SOLD,

AN exceeding good WAITING-BOY, who has always been used to wait in a family. Enquire of the printer.

Found by a NEGRO BOY

BELONGING to the subscriber, on Sunday evening last, near Mr. LAMBERT LANCE's house, in Friend-street, A TEN POUNDS BILL. The owner, on describing it, paying for this advertisement, and giving a small reward to the boy, may have it again, by applying to MACARTAN CAMPBELL.

All-Saints parish, June 4th, 1769.

ALEXANDER WILSON, informs me of a bright bay GELDING, about 13 hands high, branded on the mounting buttock A in one, and on the mounting shoulder with an illegible brand. The owner must prove his property before

NATHANIEL DWIGHT.

BREW-HOUSE.

ALE, TABLE and SHIP BEER, delivered at any part of the town, in ANY QUANTITY not under five gallons, at the usual prices, by

JOHN CALVERT, & Comp.

YEAST for bakers, and GRAINS good for cows and horses.

ALL persons are hereby forbid to trust or credit any one belonging to my family, either white or black, without a written order from my wife or myself, as no debt otherwise contracted will be paid by ALEXANDER FRASER.

MR. ALEXANDER ALDRICH informs me of a black GELDING, about 13 hands high, branded on the mounting shoulder, off shoulder, and buttock XIV in one, having strayed into his plantation on Edisto-River, near the mouth of Stead's Creek. The owner must prove his property before,

June 5th, 1769. JOHN TROUP, J.P.

Choice JAMAICA RUM,

IN Hogsheads and Porter Casks, TO BE SOLD, at my Store, in LONGITUDE-LANE, near the GENERAL POST-OFFICE.

WILLIAM HINCKLEY.

ANDREW RUTLEDGE,

Having just received into his Hands the BOOKS of

RUTLEDGE & LESESNE,

HE therefore desires ALL PERSONS that have any demands against the Company, to bring in their accompts to him, to be settled: And all persons that are any ways indebted to them, are desired to discharge their accompts to him, by the first day of July, as a settlement of their concerns must be made immediately.

TO BE SOLD at auction, at the usual place in Charles-Town, on Thursday the 13th July next, at eleven o'clock, for ready money;

TWENTY VALUABLE

NEGROES,

(Lately imported in the ship Jenny, Richard Webster, Master, from Africa)

BELONGING to the estate of THOMAS FOWLER, deceased: most part of them can speak English, having been the property of the said Thomas Fowler, for some years past, on the Rice or Grain Coast, viz. two men, five women, twelve boys, from 12 to 18 years of age, and one girl.

N. B. Three of the above boys are bound to Mr. PAUL PRITCHARD, shipwright, for five years, and two for seven years, which must be sold under that incumbrance, and at the risk of the purchaser.

SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, jun. & Comp.

For LONDON directly,

(To sail by the 15th of July)

The Ship BEAUFAIN,

DANIEL CURLING, MASTER,

HAS three-fourths of her cargo already engaged, and very good accommodations for passengers. For freight of the remainder, or passage, apply to said master, or

WILLIAM ANCRUM, AARON LOOCOCK.

For LEITH,

(To sail in three weeks)

The Ship GEORGE,

Captain PHILIP WALSH,

(A fine new ship, with good accommodations)

FOR freight or passage, apply to Captain Philip Walsh, at Mr. Burn's wharf, or JOHNSTON & SIMPSON.

N. B. Captain Walsh has for sale, a few casks of PORTER, and a trunk of LINENS.

For LONDON or the MARKETS,

THE SHIP KING-GEORGE,

Captain WILLIAM GRAHAM,

(Will be ready to sail by the 1st of July.)

FOR Freight, apply to THOMAS-L. & ROGER SMITH.

DAVID DOTT,

GIVES notice to his friends and customers, that he has removed his store from the Bay to Mr. Crouch's in Elliott-street, where he hopes to have the continuance of their favours as usual.

N. B. Lost or mislaid in moving, a small TRUSS, containing blue and green PLAINS; whoever can give information of it, shall be handsomely rewarded.

A QUANTITY of BRICKS to be sold at my landing, ten miles from Charles-Town, or delivered in town. B. H. HIMELI.

A GENERAL MEETING of the *CHARLES-TOWN LIBRARY SOCIETY*, will be holden, at the Library-room, in Union-street, on Wednesday the 4th day of July next; when, and where, all the Members of the said Society, are desired to attend, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon. *By Order of the President,*

JOHN COLCOCK, *Secretary.*

ACCOMMODATIONS for TWO GENTLEMEN to lodge and Breakfast, or Board, as may be most agreeable, in a private Family. Enquire of the Printer.

ONE THOUSAND POUNDS Currency, belonging to the SOUTH-CAROLINA SOCIETY, To be Lett

June 22d, 1769. SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, *Clerk.*

ANDREW RUTLEDGE,

ACQUAINTS his friends, that he has just received by the BEAUFAIN, *Captain* CURLING,

A large and neat Assortment of GOODS,

Amongst which are,

WOMENS best London made callimanco shoes and pumps, rich brocade ditto, gold Prussian binding ditto, basket buttons, a few barrels of Porter, plain and scented hair powder, starch, mustard, best London duffils, rich crow coloured mantua, entirely free from spots, mens best beaver hats, very fashionable, with many other articles too tedious to mention.

GEORGE THOMSON,

HAS just imported in the BEAUFAIN, *Captain* CURLING, *from* LONDON, *a very compleat assortment of*

GOODS,

Fit for the SEASON, in which are,

BLACK and coloured India taffaties, paduasoys and persians, plain, striped and sprigged muslins, nankeens, Russia drab, India cotton flourishing thread, chipt hats, &c. which with his former assortment he will dispose of on the most reasonable terms, at his store in Tradd-street.

N. B. He will allow a discount for CASH.

THE SUBSCRIBER,

Having divided that part of his land in town situated to the westward of his house, into

LOTS,

WILL AGREE FOR AND DISPOSE OF some of the said LOTS:

Most of them have *a front on two streets*, many on *three*; are full six feet higher in situation, by a level, than the land in the middle of Broad-street; have a fine prospect; and no WATER in the whole extent of St. Philip's parish PREFERABLE to what may be had there:

He hath framed a WHARF upon the river, to the eastward, of about 240 feet in length from south to north, where any ship that can come over the Bar may lie and load, and where any of the produce of the province may be landed, without a moment's loss of time, at either high or low water;

And hath begun to dig a DOCK, intended to be full 20 feet wide at least, and to have six feet water at high tide, contiguous to a LONG WHARF, also intended to be made, at the north side of his land, and which he makes no doubt of finishing this year; so that the purchasers of his Lots, may have their wood and other heavy articles conveyed to their doors, at as little expence as *in any* part of Charles-Town.

Such persons as will promise to improve them within *a year*, or *eighteen months*, from *the date hereof*, may have their timber, bricks, lime and other materials for building on said Lots, landed at either of his wharves, within the above-mentioned time, FREE OF CHARGE.

He takes this private method of disposing of his Lots, rather than by public sale, in order to avoid (if possible) being pestered with dram-shops, and other nusances, that may make the neighbourhood disagreeable.

The Plat of the said Lots may be seen at Mr. WILLIAM GIBBES's on the BAY, Mr. RICHARD MUNCRIEFF's in QUEEN-STREET, Mr. ANDREW RUTLEDGE's in BROAD-STREET, at TIMOTHY's Printing-Office, and with

June 3d, 1769. CHRISTOPHER GADSDEN.

TO BE SOLD,

On Wednesday the 2d of August next, at the Plantation of JOHN CATTELL, *Esq; deceased, at Wampee-Savannah, in St. George's Parish:* A VALUABLE STOCK OF

HORSES & CATTLE.

AMONG the Horses, are a good many of the ENGLISH BREED.----The Purchasers may have Credit 'till the 1st of MARCH next, paying Interest, and giving Security, if required.

CATHARINE CATTELL, *Executrix.*
DANIEL DONOVAN, & ROBERT CATTELL, } *Executors.*

RICHARD RICHARDSON informs me of the following strayed CATTLE, at the plantation under his care in St. George's parish, viz. a brown COW, marked with a swallow-fork and under-keel in the right ear, and a crop and slit in the left, branded with a flower-de-luce on the left hip and IS on the right hip and side: A red two years old HEIFER, with a white face, but no brand or mark: And a black HEIFER, with a crop and under-keel in the left ear, and a crop and slit in the right. The owners must prove their property before

June 8, 1769. DAVID OLIPHANT, J.P.

TO BE SOLD, By SIMON TUFTS,

BEST New-York Salt-petred HAMS; a few Quintals of COD-FISH, JAMAICA, WINDWARD-ISLAND, and NORTHWARD RUM; ARRACK, BRANDY, and GIN; Loaf and brown SUGAR; COFFEE, TEA and CHOCOLATE; SPICES of all Sorts.

THE books of accompts belonging to the the estate of Dr. WILLIAM PILLANS, deceased, being lodged in my hands; those indebted to the said estate are desired to take notice, that every accompt unpaid, from and after the first day of August next, will positively be sued for without distinction, or further notice, from JOHN TROUP.

MR. JOHN WRIGHT, of Goose-Creek, informs me of two STRAYS, both bay Horses, one about 14 hands and an half high, branded on the near buttock A, with a switch tail, a star, and both hind legs white: The other a small Horse, branded on the mounting shoulder *IT*, hath a small star. Whoever owns the said horses, must prove their property before

June 6th, 1769. JOHN REMINGTON, J. P.

Charles-Town, June 1st, 1769.

AGREEABLE to the directions of an act of the general assembly of this province, intituled, "an act "to regulate the PRICE and ASSIZE of BREAD:"

I HAVE enquired the price of FLOUR, and find that imported from the *Northern* colonies to be at *five pounds* and *fifteen shillings, per hundred* lb. weight, and *Carolina* Flour at *three pounds* and *fifteen shillings*, (being both used by the bakers); at which price the HALF CROWN loaves must weigh, as follows:

Of NORTHWARD Flour.	lb.	oz.	dwt
White,	1	13	0
Wheaten,	2	11	8
Houshold,	3	10	0

Of CAROLINA Flour.	lb.	oz.	dwt
White,	2	11	0
Wheaten,	4	0	8
Houshold,	5	6	0

Of which all Bakers of Bread are required to take due notice. BENJAMIN SIMONS, Com. Gen.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

JAMES EMMETT, who is in Custody of the Provost-Marshal, upon Mesne Process, at the Suit of William Holliday, having petitioned the Honourable the Justices of his Majesty's Court of Common Pleas, that he may be admitted to the Benefit of the Act made for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors: IT IS ORDERED, That the said William Holliday, and all others to whom the said Petitioner is any wise indebted, be, and they are hereby summoned, and have Notice, to appear at the usual Place of Judicature, at the first sitting of the Court of Common Pleas or General Sessions, which shall happen Three Months after the Publication hereof, to shew Cause, if any they can, why the said Petitioner should not have the Benefit of his Petition granted. D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, May 10th, 1769.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by PETER TIMOTHY.